# The Haberdashers' Aske's Boys' School Elstree 



## 11+ Entrance Examination 2013

MATHEMATICS<br>One Hour

Full Name $\qquad$
Examination Number $\qquad$

## INSTRUCTIONS

1. DO NOT OPEN THIS PAPER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.
2. There are 30 questions on this paper. DO NOT FORGET TO TURN OVER.
3. Work quickly but accurately. You are recommended to use pencil, but you can use pen or biro if you wish.
4. Add: $36+58$
5. Subtract: $75-54$
6. Multiply: $67 \times 8$ $\qquad$
7. Divide: $264 \div 11$ $\qquad$
8. If a dozen eggs cost $£ 2.80$, how much do 18 eggs cost?
9. Find the difference between $43 \frac{1}{3}$ and $51 \frac{2}{3}$.
10. A box holds 4 cakes. How many boxes are needed to store 75 cakes?
11. Put a circle round the volume in the list below which gives the best estimate of the capacity of a tea cup:
0.25 litres
0.5 litres
0.75 litres
1 litre
1.25 litres
12. Write down the number that the arrow is pointing to on the scale below:

13. Put a circle round the biggest number and a square round the smallest number in this list:
83\%
$\frac{4}{5}$
$\frac{1}{3}$
0.333
0.825
30\%
0.59
0.29
$\frac{29}{90}$

SPACE FOR WORKING
11. Put a circle round the number which cannot be expressed as the sum or difference of two other numbers in the list.

| 2 | 5 | 7 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 19 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

12. Fiona buys:

- 3 cans of coke @ 85 p per can
- 5 samosas @ 30p per samosa

If Fiona pays with a $£ 5$ note, how much change does she get?
13. Draw the hour and minute hands on this clock to show the time 22:30.

14. Add together the following numbers giving your answer in figures:

3 million<br>seventy thousand<br>thirty-two thousand nineteen

SPACE FOR WORKING
15. For each of the number machines below write down the letter:

A if the answer is always even
B if the answer is always odd
C if the answer is sometimes odd and sometimes even

16. An orange costs twice as much as an apple. Which one of the following does not cost the same as the other four?

A Two oranges and three apples
B Seven apples
C One orange and five apples
D Three oranges and one apple
E Four oranges

SPACE FOR WORKING
17. Jonathan thinks of a whole number, rounds it to the nearest 100 and gets an answer of 700 .

What is the smallest number that Jonathan might have thought of? $\qquad$
What is the largest number that Jonathan might have thought of? $\qquad$
18. A group of people chose their preferred Olympic sport from a list of five: Athletics, Swimming, Cycling, Hockey and Gymnastics.

The proportions choosing each sport are shown on the pie chart:


What percentage of people chose Athletics?
If 45 people chose Athletics, how many chose Hockey?
19. In the square below, every row, column and diagonal adds up to 15 . What number must be put into the square labelled A ?

|  |  | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 | 5 |  |
|  | $A$ |  |

## SPACE FOR WORKING

20. We say that there is an even chance of getting a head when a coin is thrown. Which one of the following statements is definitely true?

A: There is an even chance that England will win the next football World Cup.
B: There is an even chance that I get one head and one tail when I toss a coin twice.
C: There is a greater than even chance that I get a 5 when I roll a single dice.
D: There is a less than even chance of picking a blue ball from a bag containing 3 blue and 2 red balls.
E : There is a less than even chance that a baby will be born somewhere in the world in the next minute.
21. It takes a team of four people six hours to paint my fence.

How long would a team of eight people have taken?
One of my neighbours has a similar fence which is twice as long as mine.
She would like the work to be completed in less than five hours.
What is the minimum number of people that she should employ?
22. Work out the following giving your answers in fractions.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}= \\
& \frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{8}= \\
& \frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{8}+\frac{1}{16}= \\
& \frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{8}+\frac{1}{16}+\frac{1}{32}+\frac{1}{64}+\frac{1}{128}+\frac{1}{256}+\frac{1}{512}+\frac{1}{1024}=
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$
If this pattern is continued the sums get ever closer to a particular number. Write down this number.

SPACE FOR WORKING
23. The average of a set of numbers is worked out by adding the numbers together and then dividing by the number of numbers.

The average number of runs scored by a cricket team in an innings is 17. What was the total number of runs scored by all eleven players?

In this innings the opening pair of batsmen scored an average of 39.5 runs. What was the average score of the remaining nine members of the team? $\qquad$
24. The diagram (not to scale) shows my back lawn which is 30 metres long and 20 metres wide. My lawnmower can cut strips 50 cm wide and I always mow the lawn by walking up and down in straight lines as shown.


How many strips do I need in total?
How far do I walk when I mow my lawn? Give the answer in metres.
I can push my lawnmower at a constant speed of 30 metres per minute and it takes me an extra 15 seconds to turn the mower round at the end of every strip. The mower itself takes 15 seconds to turn on.
How long does it take me to mow my lawn?
25. The diagram shows a circle with a diameter, AB. The point A has coordinates $(7,4)$.

Write down the coordinates of the point B.
Write down the coordinates of the centre of the circle. $\qquad$
A second circle (not shown) has a diameter with end points $A(6,15)$ and $B(12,3)$.

Write down the coordinates of the centre of this circle. $\qquad$
A third circle (not shown) has centre (19, 27). If one end of a diameter has coordinates $(17,32)$, write down the coordinates of the point at the other end of the diameter.


## SPACE FOR WORKING

26. The diagram shows five and six sided polygons in which all sides have the same length.

Complete the table below.
The following facts may be useful:

- the angle in one complete turn is $360^{\circ}$
- the angles in a triangle add up to $180^{\circ}$

|  | Five Sided Polygon | Six Sided Polygon |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name of shape |  |  |
| Size of angle a |  |  |
| Size of angle b |  |  |
| Name of triangle ABC |  |  |



## SPACE FOR WORKING

27. The notation 4 ! is used as an abbreviation for the product $4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$ so that $4!=24$. Similarly, $9!=9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1=362880$.

Work out the value of
$3!$ $\qquad$ $10!$ $\qquad$

$$
\frac{100!}{98!}
$$

$\qquad$
28. The land of Whasham consists of a rectangular lake with an island in the centre. The island has three types of terrain as shown in the diagram below which is not to scale.


Work out the area of Whasham.
The area of land which consists of forest but no mountain is $32 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ and the area which is both forest and mountain is $6 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$. The area of water is $67 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$.

Work out the area of land which consists of mountain but no forest. $\qquad$
A total of 121 people live on the island. If 81 people live on land which is mountainous and 48 people live on land which is forested, how many live in the region which is both mountainous and forested?

SPACE FOR WORKING
29. The streets of New York are arranged in a grid as shown in the diagram.



There are three direct ways of travelling from $A$ to $B$.

- Travel one block North followed by two blocks East
- Travel one block East followed by one block North followed by one block East
- Travel two blocks East followed by one block North.

We write these as NEE, ENE and EEN respectively.
There are six direct routes from A to C. Four of these routes are NNEE, NENE, ENEN and EENN. Write down the remaining two routes.
$\qquad$ and $\qquad$
How many direct routes are there to travel from A to D? $\qquad$
How many direct routes are there to travel from A to E? $\qquad$
SPACE FOR WORKING


TURN OVER. THE LAST QUESTION IS ON THE BACK PAGE.
30. Ten runners, numbered 5 to 14 inclusive, take part in a race. There were no tied positions.

Winston watched the race but forgot to write down the positions of the runners. Fortunately Winston is a mathematician and he remembered one fact about the number of each competitor. List all possible numbers of the competitors in the spaces below. Hence complete the table showing the final positions in the race.
$1^{\text {st }}$ Prime number
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Factor of 24 $\qquad$
$3^{\text {rd }}$ Cube number $\qquad$
$4^{\text {th }}$ Multiple of 5 $\qquad$
$5^{\text {th }}$ Factor of 187 $\qquad$
$6^{\text {th }}$ Two-digit even number in which the first digit is smaller than the second $\qquad$
$7^{\text {th }}$ Two-digit number in which both digits are square numbers $\qquad$
$8^{\text {th }}$ Number which has exactly four factors $\qquad$
$9^{\text {th }} \mathrm{A}$ square number $\qquad$
$10^{\text {th }}$ A number which is greater than 10 $\qquad$

| Position in race | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of runner |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

SPACE FOR WORKING


